Sluice Sinks Explained

Sluice sinks (also referred to as disposal units and slop hoppers) are designed for use in clinical areas to enable the safe and hygienic disposal of body waste, such as the contents of vomit bowls, drainage bags, bed pans, and urine bottles.

Sluice sinks are made up of a conical bowl with a 4” (100mm) outlet and a full flushing rim very similar to a traditional toilet. The waste is flushed down the outlet by water from the flushing rim. The 4” outlet will need to be connected to a 4” soil pipe and the flushing rim will require connecting to a manual flushing cistern.

There are 4 basic types and styles of sluice sink:

**Model DUFS:** - is a floor standing sluice sink 600 x 600mm supplied as standard with a hinged bucket grating, removable access panel and wall fixing flanges.

**Model DU:** - is a wall mounted sluice sink 600mm x 600mm, supplied as standard with an anti drip edge to all four sides, and wall fixing brackets, with optional front support legs. Manufactured to comply with the requirements of HTM64: Sanitary Assemblies (2006).

**Model DUH:** - is a wall mounted sluice sink 1000 x 600mm with the sluice sink at one end and a plain top at the other end, supplied as standard with an anti drip edge to all four sides, and wall fixing brackets, with optional front support legs. Manufactured to comply with the requirements of HTM64: Sanitary Assemblies (2006).

**Model DUHS:** - is a wall mounted sluice sink 1600 x 600mm, with the sluice sink at one end, a sink bowl in the middle and a plain top at the other end, supplied as standard with an anti drip edge to all four sides, and wall fixing brackets, with optional front support legs. Manufactured to comply with the requirements of HTM64: Sanitary Assemblies (2006).